

10/23/19 - Warm Up Problem

Find the slope of each line.

Line 1: $(4, 6)$ and $(-3, -8)$

$$\frac{-8 - 6}{-3 - 4} = \frac{-14}{-7} = \underline{2}$$

$$\text{slope} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

Line 2: $(5, -1)$ and $(3, 0)$

$$\frac{0 - (-1)}{3 - 5} = \frac{1}{-2} = \underline{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

Are the lines parallel, perpendicular, or neither?

Perpendicular

Section 3.7-3.8 - Writing Equations of Lines

Goal: Write equations of lines using point-slope form

Point-Slope Form

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

Slope-Intercept Form

$$y = mx + b$$

Write the equation of the line through point $P(-1, 4)$ with a slope of 3. Write your final answer in slope-intercept form. m

Step 1: Fill in the numbers given for x_1 , y_1 , and m

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 4 = 3(x + 1)$$

Step 2: Change the equation into slope-intercept form

- distribute to get rid of the parenthesis
- add or subtract to get y by itself

$$y - 4 = 3(x + 1)$$

$$y - 4 = 3x + 3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} y - 4 = 3x + 3 \\ +4 \quad \quad +4 \\ \hline y = 3x + 7 \end{array}$$

Point-Slope Form

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

Using Parallel or Perpendicular Lines

Write the equation of the line that is parallel to

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 4$$

and contains point $P(2, -6)$.

$$m = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$y + 6 = -\frac{1}{2}(x - 2)$$

$$y + 6 = -\frac{1}{2}x + 1$$

$\begin{array}{cc} -6 & -6 \end{array}$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x - 5$$

Write the equation of the line perpendicular to

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 8$$

and contains point $P(2, -6)$.

$$m = \frac{2}{1} = 2$$

Do the last example in your notes.

EXAMPLE 2: Write the equation of a line that is parallel to $y = -3x + 2$ and contains point $P(-6, 5)$.

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 5 = -3(x + 6)$$

$$y - 5 = -3x - 18$$

$$+5$$

$$+5$$

$$y = -3x - 13$$

Assignment:

Concept 8 Worksheet - due Friday 10/25
(#20-28)

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

WRITING LINEAR EQUATIONS

Write an equation for the line that contains the given point and has the given slope. Your final answer should be in slope-intercept form.

20. $P(2,3)$, slope = 2

$$\begin{aligned} y - 3 &= 2(x - 2) \\ y - 3 &= 2x - 4 \\ +3 & \quad +3 \\ \hline y &= 2x - 1 \end{aligned}$$

21. $P(4,-1)$, slope = -3

$$\begin{aligned} y + 1 &= -3(x - 4) \\ y + 1 &= -3x + 12 \\ -1 & \quad -1 \\ \hline y &= -3x + 11 \end{aligned}$$

22. $P(6,1)$, slope = $\frac{1}{2}$

Write the equation of a line that fits each description. Your final answer should be in slope-intercept form.

23. Through $(-1,5)$ parallel to $y = -2x + 7$

24. Through $(6,-4)$ perpendicular to $y = 3x - 1$

25. Through $(4,10)$ perpendicular to $y = \frac{2}{3}x - 6$

26. Through $(12,8)$ parallel to $y = \frac{3}{4}x + 22$

27. Through $(-2,-1)$ perpendicular to $y = -2x + 7$

28. Through $(5,4)$ parallel to $y = -2x$