

## **Congruence Transformation:**

Two figures are congruent if and only if there is a <u>sequence</u> of one or more rigid motions that maps one figure onto the other.

**Composition:** A combination of two or more transformations

$$T_{(90,-6)}(r_{(90,0)}(ABCD))$$

nr

BCD)

Read the transformations from right to left

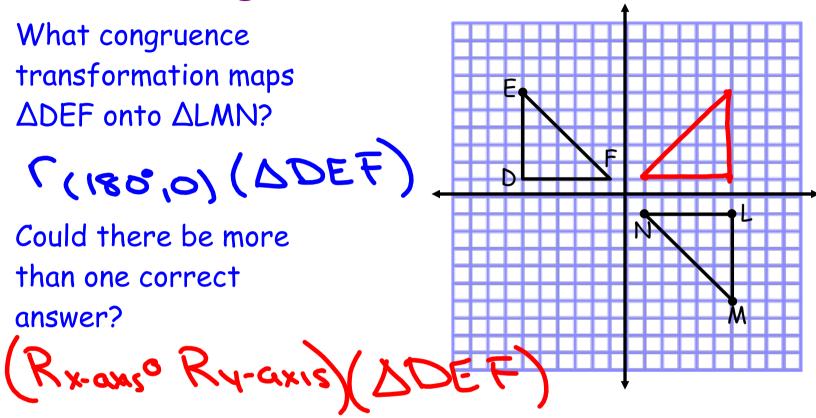
The translation is done TO the rotated figure, so the rotation must happen first.

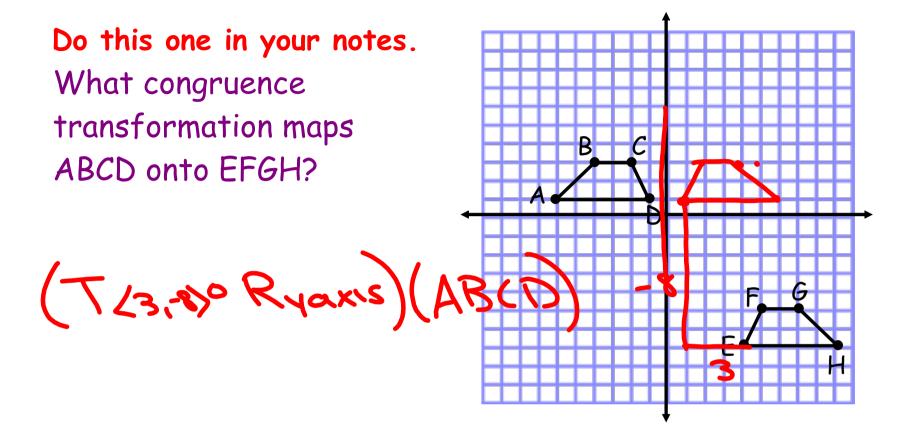
## Writing Compositions

the transformation
closest to the name
of the figure gets
done first

EXAMPLE #1:  $(R_{x-axis}^{2} \circ T_{<2,-3>})(\Delta ABC)$ means Translate 2 right and 3 down, then reflect over X-axis  $(T_{<-1,4>} \circ r_{(90^{\circ},0)})(\Delta ABC)$ means translate 1 left and and 4 up

## Write a Congruence Transformation



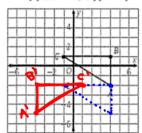


## Assignment:

Concept 21 Worksheet (#31-40)

CONGRUENCE TRANSFORMATIONS

Graph each composition of transformations. 31.  $(R_{y-axis} \circ T_{<0, -3>})(\Delta ABC)$ 



**33.** (*T*<2,-1> ο *r*(90°, 0))(ΔABC)

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32.  $(R_{y=-1} \circ T_{<1,-1>})(\Delta ABC)$ 

**34.**  $(R_{x=1} \circ R_{x-axis})(\Delta ABC)$ 

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Write a composition of transformations in function notation that maps each preimage onto its image.

35. A C	C A	37.
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