

WHAT ARE TRANSFORMATIONS?





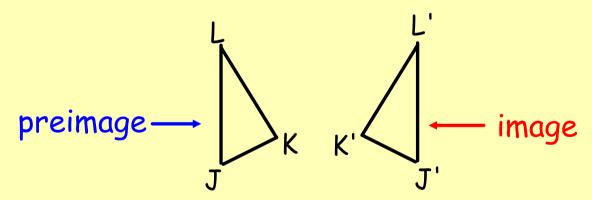
Section 9.1 - Translations

Goals: identify rigid motion transformations (isometries) graph and write function rules for transformations

Transformation: a function that changes the position, shape, and/or size of a figure

Preimage: the input (original figure)

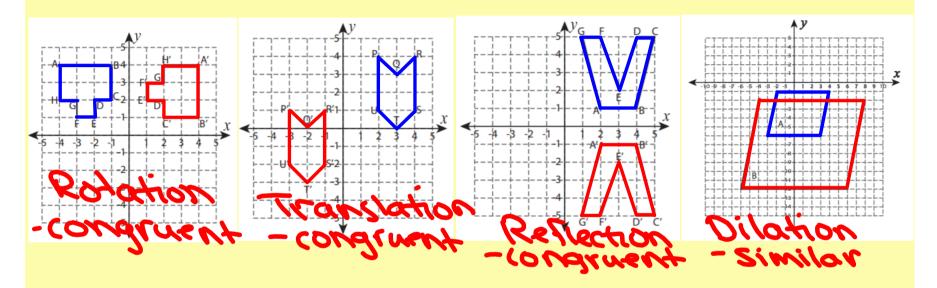
Image: the output (transformed figure)



Rigid Motions

Describe each transformation?

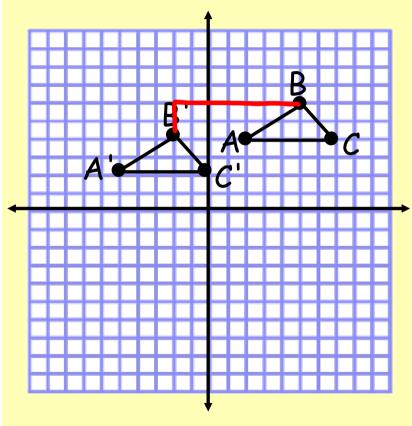
Is the image congruent to the preimage?



Rigid Motion/Isometry: a transformation that preserves distance and angle measure

- the preimage and image are congruent

Translation: (slide) moves all points of a figure the same distance in the same direction



Function Notation

$$T_{\langle x,y \rangle}(A) = A'$$
 means

Point A has been translated x units right/left and y units up/down

How many units has $\triangle ABC$ been translated?

translated?

Write a rule in function notation to describe the translation.

TK-7,-27 (DABC)

Write a rule in function notation to describe the

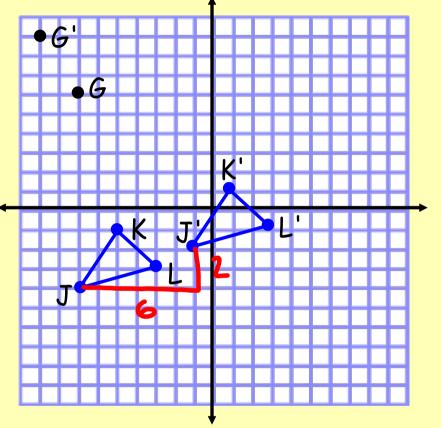
translation of each figure.

Point G

T <-2,37(G)

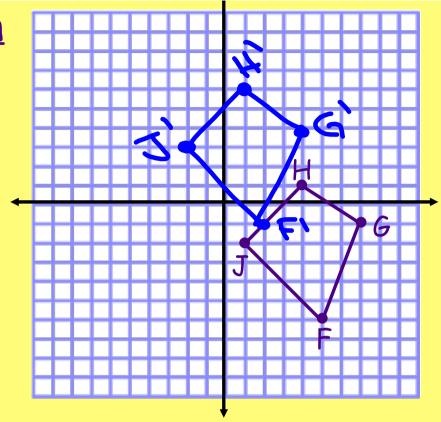
ΔJKL

TL6,27 (DJKL)



Graphing a Translation

Transform each point of the figure according to the rule.



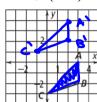
Assignment:

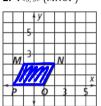
Concept 21 Worksheet

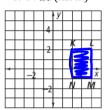
TRANSLATIONS

Graph the image of each figure under the given translation.

1.
$$T_{<-1, 4>}$$
 ($\triangle ABC$)

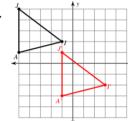




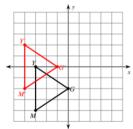


The dashed-line figure is a translation image of the solid-line figure. Write a rule to describe each translation.

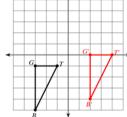
4.



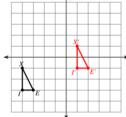
5.



6



7.



- **8.** Sketch a transformation that is a rigid motion.
- **9.** Sketch a transformation that is **not** a rigid motion.